FORMULATION STUDIES OF SYLIBLEUM MARIANUM SEED EXTRACS

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INTRODUCTION

Sylimarin, the active substance of Sylimum Marianum has a well-known hepatoprotective effect (1). The result of extraction process of the Sylimum Marianum seed were 25% oil and a dry, water insoluble sylimarin extract. The aim of the study was to prepare sylimarin formulations with high bioavailability for the treatment of acute hepatotoxicity. Water miscible self micro emulsifying drug delivery systems (SMEDDS) (2) of the oil and water soluble formulation of sylimarin were produced which are suitable for further in vitro and in vivo examinations.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

Materials

Sylimum Marianum seed oil and sylimarin were originated from Sylimum Marianum seeds. Hydroxylpropyl-β-cyclodextrin (HPBCD), randomly methylated β-cyclodextrin (RAMEB) and 2,6-di-O-methyl β-cyclodextrin (DIMEB) were the product of Cyclolab Ltd. (Hungary), Labrasol® was a kind gift of Gattechosse (France), while all other reagents purchased from Sigma.

Methods

Sylimum Marianum seed oil was incorporated into SMEDDS, using Labrasol. Cyclodextrin-sylimarin complexes were produced by kneading method (3). The weight ratio of cyclodextrins and sylimarin was 10:1 in the mixtures. The UV-spectra of the solutions were recorded by Shimadzu UV-1601 spectrofotometer.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

To increase the bioavailability of Sylimum Marianum seed oil we produced different SMEDDS compositions. The emulsifying agent (Labrasol) content and the oil content of SMEDDS varied between 60-80% and 10-30% respectively. Each system remained stable in 10, 100 and 1000 times dilutions in water. The diameter of the dispersed oil phase was in micrometer range as confirmed by microscopic investigation. Excess amount of cyclodextrin-sylimarin mixtures were dissolved in water until equilibrium is reached between the unsolved and dissolved phases and the UV-spectra of the filtered solutions were recorded. All of the cyclodextrins (HPBCD, RAMEB and DIMEB) were able to solubilise sylimarin, but DIMEB had the greatest ability for the complexation (Fig. 1.)
Fig. 1: UV-spectra of different cyclodextrin-sylimarin complexes.

CONCLUSIONS

Stable Sylibum Marianum seed oil SMEDDS; HPBCD, RAMEB and DIMEB water soluble sylimarin complexes were produced. The products are suitable for further safety and effectiveness examinations.

REFERENCES